



Mi primera antología Scope & Sequence

Descubre el español con Santillana: Mi primera antología

Anthology Level K Scope and Sequence

1. Reading/Print Awareness	Unit 1: Honduras	Unit 2: Peru	Unit 3: Dominican Republic	Unit 4: Spain	Unit 5: Mexico	Unit 6: Argentina	Un
 A recognize that spoken words can be represented by print for communication 	✔ PA	✓ PA	✓ PA	✔ PA			
 identify upper- and lower-case letters 		✓ PA (letter e) ✓ D (digraph ch)					
	✔ D (Ss) ✔ R (Jj)	✓ R (Cc)	✓ PA (letter i) ✓ D (Ll) ✓ R (Dd)	✓ PA (letter o) ✓ D (Rr) ✓ R (Tt)	\checkmark PA (letter u) \checkmark D (Yy) \checkmark R (Qq)	\checkmark PA (letter p) \checkmark D (Vv) \checkmark R (Gg)	PA (letter
Idemonstrate the one-to-one correspondence between a spoken word and a printed							
word in text	✔ PA	✓ PA	✓ PA				
 ◊ recognize the difference between a letter and a printed word ◊ recognize that sentences are comprised of words separated by spaces and 		V PA	V PA				
demonstrate the awareness of word boundaries (e.g., through kinesthetic or tactile							
actions such as clapping and jumping	✔ PA	✔ PA	✓ PA	✔ PA	✔ PA	✔ PA	
◊ hold a book right side up, turn pages correctly and know that reading moves from							
top to bottom and left to right	✔ PA						1
◊ identify different parts of the book (e.g., front and back covers, title page)							✔ PA
2. Reading/Phonological Awareness							
 A reacting in honoregical Awareness A identify a sentence made up of a group of words 	✓ PA				✔ PA		
 identify a sentence made up of a group of words identify syllables in spoken words 	V D V R	V D V R	V D V R	✔ D ✔ R	V D V R	✔ D ✔ R	✔ D ✔ R
♦ orally generate rhymes in response to spoken words (e.g., ¿Qué rima con mesa?)							
♦ distinguish orally represented rhyming pairs from non-rhyming pairs				✔ D			✔ D
 recognize spoken alliteration or groups of words that begin with the same spoken onset or initial sound (e.g., Pepe Pecas pica papas) 		✔ D					
 ♦ blend spoken phonemes to form syllables and words (e.g., /m//a/ says ma, ma- 							
pa savs "mapa")	✔ D	✔ D				✓ PA ✓ D	✔ PA
◊ isolate the initial syllabic sound in spoken words (e.g. /pa/ta, /la/ta, /ra/ta)		V D		V D			✔ D
◊ separate spoken multi-syllabic words into two to three syllables (e.g., /to/ /ma/							
/te/)					✔ R	V D	
3. Reading/Beginning Reading Skills/Phonics 4 decode the five vowel sounds							
decode the five vowel sounds	✓ PA (a)	✓ PA (e)	✓ PA (i)	✓ PA (o)	✓ PA (u)	\checkmark PA (p + vowel) \checkmark D (v + vowel)	✓ PA (m +
♦ decode syllables	\checkmark D (s + vowel) \checkmark R (j + vowel)	\checkmark D (c + vowel) \checkmark R (ca, co, cu)	\checkmark D (1 + vowel) \checkmark R (d + vowel)	\checkmark D (r + vowel) \checkmark R (t + vowel)	\checkmark D (y + vowel) \checkmark R (que, qui)	\checkmark R (ga, go, gu)	$\sim R (b + v)$
 use phonological knowledge to match sounds to individual letters and syllables 						• Tr (54, 50, 54)	• n(0 ·)
including hard and soft consonants such as "r," "c," and "g"		✓ R (ca, co, cu)		✓ D (hard r)		✓ R (ga, go, gu)	✔ D (hard g
decode the written "y" when used as a conjunction, as in "mamá" y "papá"				✔ PA	✔ D	✔ PA	
decode words with silent "h"	✔ D		✔ D			✔ PA	
 ◊ become familiar with the digraphs /ch/, /rr/ ◊ become familiar with the concept that "ll" and "y" have the same sound (e.g., 		✓ D (ch)		✓ D (rr)			
V become rammar with the concept that in and y have the same sound (e.g., llave, ya)					✔ D	✔ R	
♦ use knowledge of consonant/vowel sound relationships to decode syllables and					• 5		
words in text and independent of content (e.g. CV, VC, CVC, CVCV words)					✔ R	\checkmark PA \checkmark D \checkmark R	V PA V D
♦ recognize that new words are created when syllables are changed, added, or							
deleted					✔ R	✔ D	
4. Reading/Beginning Reading/Strategies	4.04	4.5		45		4.04	
 predict what might happen next in text based on the cover, title, and illustrations ask and respond to questions about texts read aloud 	\checkmark PA \checkmark D \checkmark R	\checkmark R \checkmark PA \checkmark D \checkmark R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	\checkmark D \checkmark PA \checkmark D \checkmark R	\checkmark PA \checkmark D \checkmark PA \checkmark D \checkmark R	\checkmark PA \checkmark PA \checkmark D \checkmark R	✔ PA ✔ D
V ask and respond to questions about texts read aloud				V IAV DV K			
5. Reading/Vocabulary Development							
♦ identify and use words that name actions, directions, positions, sequences, and							
locations			✓ D (actions)	✔ R			
become familiar with grade-appropriate vocabulary, including content and							
function words	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	V PA V D	✔ PA ✔ R	V PA V D	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	V PAVD
◊ identify and sort pictures of objects into conceptual categories (e.g., colors, there a testand)		$\mathbf{A} \mathbf{D}$ (sletter)			D (he he nexts)		✓ D (profe
shapes, textures) ◊ use a picture dictionary to find words		✓ R (clothes)			✓ D (body parts)	✓ D (seasons) ✓ R (weather)	baseball)
V use a picture dictionary to find words							V K
6. Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Theme and Genre							
	✓ PA (characters) ✓ D (infer) ✓ R		✓ PA (key events) ✓ D (m. idea)		✓ D (author's purpose) ✓ R	✓ PA (setting) ✓ D (a. purpose) ✓	✔ PA (fant.
identify elements in a story including setting, character, and key events	(sequence of events)	✓ PA (setting)	✓ R (compare, contrast)	✓ D (characters)	(narrator)	R (compare, contrast)	R (key even
♦ discuss the big idea (theme) of a well-known folktale or fable and connect it to							
personal experience		✔ R			17. 17	1-	
 ◊ recognize sensory details ◊ recognize recurring phrases and characters in traditional fairy tales, lullabies, and 					✓ PA ✓ R	✔ R	
folktales from various cultures		✔ R					
lokales nom various cartales							
7. Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Poetry							
respond to rhythm and rhyme in poetry through identifying regular beats and							
similarities in word sounds				✔ PA	✔ R	✔ R	
8. Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Fiction							
retell a main event from a story read aloud describe characters and the reasons for their actions	✓ PA ✓ R	P P					+
v desence characters and the reasons for their actions		✔ R		V PAV D			+
9. Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Culture and History							
♦ Identify the topic of an informational text heard					1	1	1
\diamond identify the topic of an informational text heard	✓ PA		V D		✔ D		
Identify the topic of an informational text heard	✔ PA		✔ D		✔ D		+

Unit 7: Panama	Unit 8: Colombia
(letter m) ✔ D (Gg) ✔ R (Bb)	✓ PA (letter n) ✓ D (Ff) ✓ R (Cc)
	✔ PA
R	✔ D ✔ R
	✔ R
	✔ PA
(m + vowel) ✔ D (ge, gi) b + vowel)	✓ PA (n + vowel) ✓ D (f + vowel) ✓ R (ce, ci)
hard g)	\checkmark R (ce, ci)
	✔ R
✔ D ✔ R	✔ PA ✔ D ✔ R
✔ D ✔ R	✔ PA ✔ D ✔ R
	✓ D (position, sequence) ✓ R
	(actions)
✓ D ✓ R	✔ PA ✔ D ✔ R
professions) 🗸 R (sports: all)	
(fant. vs. real.) ✔ D (infer) ✔ y events)	✓ PA (a. purpose) ✓ D (seq.) ✓ R (narrator)
	✔ D
	✔ D
	✔ R
	✔ D
	1

	I.	1	1				1	1
10. Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Expository Text								
Identify the topic and details in text heard or read, referring to the words and/or								
illustrations				✓ R			✔ R	
retell important facts in text, heard or read	✔ R		✓ PA	✔ R	✓ PA		✔ R	✔ D
♦ discuss the ways authors group information in text			✔ D	4.5	✓ D	4.04		✔ PA
vuse titles and illustrations to make predictions about text		✔ R		✔ D	V PA V D	✓ PA		
11. Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Procedural Texts								
 ♦ follow pictorial directions (e.g., recipes, science experiments) 	✓ R				✓ PA ✓ D			
 identify the meaning of specific signs (e.g., traffic signs, warning signs) 					V FAV D		✔ D	
Videntify the meaning of specific signs (e.g., traffic signs, warning signs)								
12. Reading/Media Literacy								
 ◊ identify different forms of media (e.g., advertisements, newspapers, radio 								
programs) with adult assistance			✔ R	✔ D	v D v R	✓ PA ✓ R		✓ PA ✓ R
♦ identify techniques used in media (e.g., sound, movement) with adult assistance			•	V D		V PAV R	✔ D	\checkmark PA \checkmark R
(········)								
13. Writing/Writing Process								
In a first draft by generating ideas through class discussion (with adult								
assistance)	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	\checkmark PA \checkmark D \checkmark R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	\checkmark PA \checkmark D \checkmark R	\checkmark PA \checkmark D \checkmark R
Idevelop drafts by sequencing the action or details in the story (with adult								
assistance)							✔ R	✔ D
In the second			✔ PA	✔ R	✔ D ✔ R	✔ R		✓ PA ✓ R
I edit drafts by leaving spaces between letters and words (with adult assistance)					✔ R		✔ R	✔ R
♦ share writing with others (with adult assistance)		✔ D ✔ R	✔ R	✔ PA		✔ R	✔ PA	
14. Writing/Literary Texts								
Idictate or write sentences to tell a story and put the sentences in chronological								
sequence							✔ R	✔ R
♦ write short poems								✔ R
15. Writing/Expository and Procedural Texts								
◊ dictate or write information for lists, captions, or invitations		✔ D					✔ D	
16. Oral and Written Conventions/Conventions								
Inderstand and use the following parts of speech in the context of reading,								
writing, and speaking (with adult assistance):								
 verbs, including commands and past and future tenses when speaking 		✔ R	✔ D					
nouns (singular/plural)		✔ D	✓ PA ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D	✓ PA		V PA V D	✓ PA
descriptive words					V PA V D	✓ PA		✔ R
 prepositions and prepositional phrases appropriately when speaking or 								
writing (e.g.,"en," "de," "por la tarde," "en la mañana")						✔ R	✔ R	
personal pronouns (e.g., yo, ellos)	17			17	15	1.5	✓ R	✔ D
◊ speak in complete sentences to communicate	✔ R			✔ D	✓ R	✓ R	✔ R	
♦ use complete sentences	✔ R				✔ R	✔ R	V D V R	✔ R
17 Out and Written Commentions (Handwritting Comitalization and								
17. Oral and Written Conventions/Handwriting, Capitalization, and								
Punctuation form upper- and lower-case letters legibly, using basic conventions of print (left-								
	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ R	✔ R	✔ R	✔ R	✔ R	✔ D ✔ R	
to-right and top-to-bottom progression) ◊ capitalize the first letter in a sentence	V PAV DV R	V PAV K	V R	V K	V K	V K	V DV R	
V capitalize the first letter in a sentence							V R	
♦ use punctuation at the beginning (when appropriate) and at the end of a sentence				✔ R			✓ D (period)	
v use punctuation at the beginning (when appropriate) and at the end of a sentence				U K			D (period)	
18. Oral and Written Conventions/Spelling								
♦ use phonological knowledge to match sounds to individual letters or syllables	V D	✓ R						✓ R
 use phonological knowledge to match solution to individual refersion synaples use letter-sound correspondences to spell mono- and multi-syllabic words 	✔ D				✓ R	1		
 use knowledge of consonant/vowel sound relationships to spell syllables and 		1				1		
words in text and independent of content (e.g., CV, ma; VC, un; VCV, oso; CVC,								
sol; CVCV, mesa)	✔ D					✔ D		
 ◊ use "y" to represent /i/ when used as a conjunction (e.g. mamá y papá) 	V D	1			✓ D			
♦ use y to represent if when used as a conjunction (e.g. maina y papa)	✓ PA	1					✔ R	1
	1	1						
19. Research/Research Plan								
◊ ask questions about topics of class-wide interest (with adult assistance)	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R
decide what sources or people in the classroom, school, library, or home can								
answer these questions (with adult assistance)		✔ PA	✔ PA	✓ PA ✓ R	✔ D ✔ R	✓ PA ✓ D	✓ PA ✓ R	✔ PA
20. Research/Gathering Sources								
vuse pictures in conjunction with writing when documenting research with adult								
assistance		✔ PA		✔ R	✔ R	✓ PA ✓ R	✔ R	
21. Listening and Speaking/Listening								
Iisten attentively by facing speakers and asking questions to clarify information	✔ R	✔ R				V D		
△ Callers and directions that involves a front value of a more set of a time.					✓ D ✓ R			
If follow oral directions that involve a short related sequence of actions								
Ĩ								
22. Listening and Speaking/Speaking								
22. Listening and Speaking/Speaking share information and ideas by speaking audibly and clearly using the								
22. Listening and Speaking/Speaking	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	• PA • D • R
22. Listening and Speaking/Speaking ◊ share information and ideas by speaking audibly and clearly using the conventions of language	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R
22. Listening and Speaking/Speaking ◊ share information and ideas by speaking audibly and clearly using the conventions of language 23. Listening and Speaking/Teamwork		✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R
22. Listening and Speaking/Speaking ♦ share information and ideas by speaking audibly and clearly using the conventions of language 23. Listening and Speaking/Teamwork ♦ follow agreed-upon rules for discussion, including taking turns and speaking one			✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✔ PA ✔ D ✔ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R
22. Listening and Speaking/Speaking ◊ share information and ideas by speaking audibly and clearly using the conventions of language 23. Listening and Speaking/Teamwork		$\mathbf{V} \operatorname{PA} \mathbf{V} \operatorname{D} \mathbf{V} \operatorname{R}$	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✓ PA ✓ D ✓ R	✔ PA ✔ D ✔ R